BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION.

VOL. XXVI. BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, APRIL 21. 1888. NO. 1,346.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER.

R. M. & A. C. FOLGER.

TERMS:

For one year (in advance).....$5 00
For six months.....3 00
For three months.....1 75

OFFICE

Corner of Bryant and School Streets. (Court House Block).

MINING NOTICES.

Notice to Co-Owners

TO E. A. KLUEGEL, WALTER CARUTHERS and MRS. DAVID McVEY:

You are hereby notified that I, the undersigned, have expended One Hundred ($100) Dollars in labor and improvements upon the

HOMESTAKE

mining claim, situated in Patterson Mining District, Mono county, State of California, in order to hold said mining claim, under the provisions of Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, the said sum being the amount required for holding said claim for the year ending December 31st, 1887.

And if at the expiration of ninety (90) days after the publication of this notice, viz: at the expiration of one hundred and eighty days from Saturday, January 21st, 1888, the date of the first publication of this notice, you fail, or refuse, to contribute your several proportions of said expenditure as co-owners of said mining claim, viz: you, the said E. A. Kluegel, $13 33, lawful money of the United States, the sum owing from you for your proportion of 200 feet of said claim; and you, the said Walter Caruthers, the sum of $10, the same being your proportion now due and owing from you for your proportion of 150 feet of said claim; and you, the said Mrs. David McVey, the sum of $13 33, the same being your proportion now due and owing from you, for your proportion of 200 feet of said claim, together with your several proportions of the cost of this advertisement, then each of your several interests in said mining claim will become the property of the subscriber, under said Section 2324.

Dated at Bridgeport, Mono county, State of California, Jan. 20th, 1888.

A. P. SAYRE.

First publication January 21st, 1888. j21-90d.

Notice to Co-Owners.

TO JOHN H. BOLLES:

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT I, the undersigned, have expended One Hundred Dollars in labor and improvements upon the

STAR

mining claim, said mining claim being situated and lying in Patterson Mining District, Mono county, State of California, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of Section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required for holding the same for the calendar year ending December 31st, 1887, and if at the expiration of ninety days after this notice by publication, viz, at the expiration of 190 days from January 20, 1888 the date of the first publication hereof, you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owner, to wit: $12 66⅔, for your interest of 190 feet, undivided, in said mining claim with cost of this advertisement, then your aforesaid interest in said mining claim will become the property of the subscriber, under and by virtue of said Section of the Mining Law hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated San Francisco, Cal., January 17th, 1888.

MARTIN JONES.

First publication, January 28, 1888. ja28-90d

RICHLY Rewarded are those who read this and then act; they will find honorable employment that will not take them from their homes and families. The profits are large and sure for every industrious person, many have made and are now making several hundred dollars a month. It is easy for any one to make $5 and upwards per day, who is willing to work. Either sex young or old; capital not needed; we start you. Everything new. No special ability required; you, reader, can do as well as any one. Write to us at once for full particulars, which we mail free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

SEWING MACHINES.

ARTHUR H. HILL,

No. 725 Market Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT C. C. Turner of the Bridgeport Livery Stable, is my authorized agent at Bridgeport. All orders left at the stable will be promptly attended to.

GEORGE MOYLE.

Bridgeport, February 10th, 1888.

ADVERTISE

IN

THIS PAPER,

MISCELLANEOUS.

Who Knows

WHEN

Steamboats will sink or burn?
Railroad trains will be wrecked?
Boilers of ships will explode?
Horses will take fright and run?
Bricks or timbers will fall?
Fire burn or lightning strike?
Machinery will crush or mangle?
Tools or glass will cut?
Splinters or nails will wound?
Slips and falls will happen?
Hammers and weights will bruise?
Ladder or staging will give way?
Animals will kick or bite?
Limbs will be sprained or broken?
Fatal or disabling injury by accident may be caused in any one of a thousand ways

As no one knows, the only safe and sure way is to

INSURE

IN THE

TRAVELERS,

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ALEX. C. FOLGER,

AGENT

BRIDGEPORT, CAL

LITTLE'S CHEMICAL FLUID

NON-POISONOUS SHEEP DIP.

Sold in Iron Drums, containing 5 Imperia Gallons, equal to [illegible]

One gallon, mixed with 60 gallons of cold water, will dip thoroughly 180 sheep, at a cost of 1 cent each. Easily applied; a nourisher of wool: a certain cure for SCAB. Also,

LITTLE'S PATENT POWDER DIP

(Poisonous).

Mixes instantly with water. Prevents the fly from striking. In a 2-pound package there is sufficient to dip twenty sheep, and in a 7-pound package there is sufficient to dip 100 sheep.

PRICE, 47 CENTS PER POUND.

CATTON, BELL & CO.,

Successors to FALKNER, BELL & CO.,

No. 406 California Street,

f25-3m SAN FRANCISCO.

BEST

JOB PRINTING

AT

THIS OFFICE.

Tools, Machinery & Hardware.

THE DEPOT OF

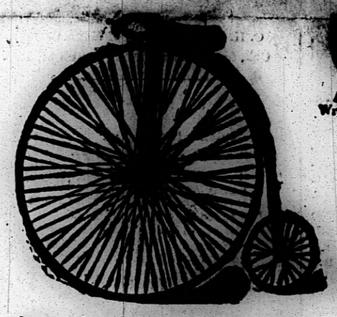
Every New Invention, New Tool,

Practical Improvement & Useful Novelty!

OSBORN & ALEXANDER

628 Market St. and 13½ Post St.,

SAN FRANCISCO.



A New, Powerful and Quick Acting Wrench. All sizes. 75 cts. to $2.50

Barnes' Pat. Foot Power Mortiser $95.

The best and most efficient wood and metal working Lathes. All styles and sizes.

Agency of Leading Bicycles and Tricycles.

The **American Champion, Challenge** and **Ideal** and the **Columbia Expert** and **Light Roadster.** Those Standard Wheels which have achieved such high distinction and so extensive a reputation as the **Leading and Paragon Bicycles of the World,** and those entirely **New, Elegant, Perfect** and **Practical Wheels, the Rambler** and **Columbia Veloce,** the latest production of Gormuly & Jeffrey and the Pope Manufacturing Co. Both **Rear-Driving Safety Wheels** replete with **Novel, Ingenious** and **Useful Devices.**

This plane embraces in a compact and practical form Beading and Center Beading Plane; Rabbet and Filletster; Dado; Plow, Matching Plane and a superior Slitting Plane. All adjustable and equipped with all the various bits and cutters. Price, complete, $7.25

The Louderback Combination Tool, 10 useful tools for $1.50.

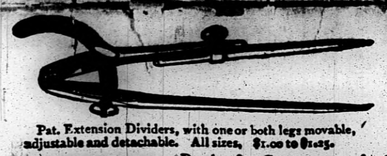
$2.00 per pair. $3.50 per pair. The Henley Monarch Rink and Club Skates.

Stock Large and Fresh, and in Quality Unsurpassed.

PRICES LOW.

OSBORN & ALEXANDER,

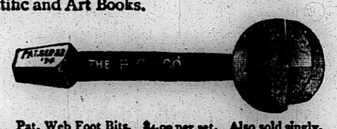
628 Market St., and 13½ Post St., San Francisco.



Pat. Extension Dividers, with one or both legs movable, adjustable and detachable. All sizes, $1.00 to $12.50.

Barnes' pat. combined foot power Scroll and Circular Saw, $40.00 With boring attachment, $50.00

Pat. all brass combination Chest Lock, $3.00 Over 500 changes.



Pat. Web Foot Bits. $4.00 per set. Also sold singly.

Books for Carpenters, Architects, Builders, Cabinet Makers, Machinists, Painters and for Mechanics of every trade. Scientific and Art Books.

Our Country Trade is very Extensive. Letters of Inquiry solicited and promptly and FULLY ANSWERED. Orders earnestly requested, and executed with RAPIDITY and Care.

Send for free Circulars, Catalogues and Price Lists.

OSBORN & ALEXANDER,

Mechanics' Tools, Hardware and Machinery,

628 MARKET ST., AND 13½ POST ST.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

NOTES FOR WOMEN.

—Cloth jackets in copper, the new greens, blue-green, suede, tobacco brown, grey or bright red are among the most serviceable purchases one can make, as the present fashion allows them to be worn with any costume that does not make a contrast positively murderous.

—The new figured China silk will be made up with flounced skirts and long draperies, bordered with bias silk the shade of the darkest figure, stitched on with one or several rows of white silk or something equally glaring, yet there be people who call this the age of dress reform.

—Braiding has by no means had its day of favor as a trimming on jackets, and is done with both metal and mohair braids, some of which are flat and others tubular, while the twisted cords of silk or of metal are used in all the most elaborate designs hitherto done only in soutache braid.

—The stylish coats of smooth faced cloths for dressy occasions come in copper colors, in the new green shades, in tobacco browns, Suede color, the odd blues with green tints, and in bright red shades, while the rougher homespun jackets are in stripes or bars or melauges of two or three of these colors together.

—India silk and foulard designs reappear in the glossy cotton sateens—which show palm-leaf fans, links of chain, interlocked circles of different sizes, anvils, hammers, sleigh bells, "thunder and lightning" streaks, lilacs, fuschias, hare bells, checker boards—and half a hundred more appear in white or cream upon dark grounds, perfectly brown or blue.

—The german, whose popularity knows no wane, is danced in the home, in the hall, in winter and in summer at the resorts, and is always delightful and in season. It affords a field for ingenuity in the devising of new features and the invention of favors. Great is the man, socially, who can lead the german, and the dancing floor is the vantage ground whereon he conquers.

—The parasol is to match the frock this summer, and those who are wise in time remember it when shopping for sateens and ginghams. Now, one can have an old frame covered and returned in a few days, but a little later in the season the pampered plumber will find his equal in the being who will sweetly say, "Parasol, ma'am? Yes, ma'am? Can do it week after next, ma'am," and who will not touch it for three weeks after making the promise.

—The woman who goes to the theater unattended has found out the little trick of buying an admission ticket and trusting to destiny, after the masculine fashion, but when every seat in a theater is taken she has a card to play that no man could play, and which will win in most cases. She enters at almost the last moment and selects what seems the best vacant seat, and when its owner comes she stands in the aisle and gazes at him and droops wearily and sighs, and if that has no effect upon him she leans against the back of his chair and his shoulder and is no more to be displaced by shrugging than the Old Man of the Sea. What can he do but yield? Yield he does, unless his sisters have explained the trick to him, in which case he is adamant. Ordinarily he almost begs the fair actress in the aisle to take his seat, and she does, and goes nome when the evening is over to think how much pleasure one may have for a small sum, if one be ingenious.

—Among the South Carolina news in a paper of that State is the following: "A New Yorker drew from the State Treasury Monday $21,000 as accumulated interest since 1871 on $28,500 of South Carolina bonds. It is stated that he did not know a few days ago that his bonds were worth a dollar. He wrote the State Treasurer that he had found among his papers a lot of old South Carolina bonds, and would like to know if they had market value. The Treasurer, upon investigation, discovered that there was not a tinge of invalidity about the lot, and answered that they were worth 100 cents on the dollar. So far the bondholder is $49,500 better off than he thought himself to be."

A MYSTERIOUS LETTER.

A Life Saved by an Alleged Missive From the Spirit World.

A party of travelers on an Atlantic steamship were telling ghost stories, says the New York *Times*.

Rev. Mr. Cryder of the Church of England was of the party. He listened, but did not talk. When all the others had exerted all their ability in the production of goose pimples a facetious youth urged Mr. Cryder, who was a man of much dignity and solemn appearance. No one thought he would comply. But he did.

"Ten years ago," he said, "I was a poor curate in a small [illegible]. My friends I received an invitation to preach a trial sermon at one of our London churches. No time was to be lost, for I had to provide for a substitute, arrange my ideas, pack my things, and, everything being at last in proper shape, I hastened to the railroad station to take the lightning express for London. So absorbed was I in my thoughts, for a call to London is an event in a young curate's life, I might say the event, that I paid no attention to my surroundings, but suddenly I noticed a person walking before me on the platform road, whom I had not seen before. He was a stout, square-built man, with red whiskers and a bald head, who seemed to suffer intensely from the heat, for he carried his hat in his hand and pulled out a large handkerchief, no doubt to wipe off the perspiration from his brow, for it was a sultry August day. In taking out his handkerchief he dropped a letter. I picked it up to give it to him, when suddenly I saw that the address was in my mother's handwriting. My sainted mother's, who had been dead for more than five years.

"I stopped in surprise. I rubbed my eyes, but there it was, my dear mother's well-known writing, and the letter was addressed:

"To the Reverend Benjamin Cryder,
"Stonebridge,
"County of Lancashire,
"England."

"That was I.

"There was no postmark on it, and I did not know whether to open it or ask the red-whiskered man for an explanation, when I heard the shrill whistle of a locomotive and saw the train roll into the station. I ran as fast as my legs would carry me—ran, as if it were, for dear life—but too late; for when I reached the station the train was gone, and so was the letter. I thought I must have dropped it. I hastened to the spot where I had found it, but in vain; and after an hour's needless search, could do nothing but telegraph to London and resign myself to my fate, for it was the last train Saturday night, and I felt as though I had lost my only chance in life.

"'Thy will be done,' I prayed that night, 'and if I am to remain a poor curate let me thank Thee for Thy great mercy to have kept me away from the wickedness of the great city and its manifold temptations.'

"When next day I went to church, bright with cheerfulness, my parishioners started as if they had seen a ghost, and the sexton rushed forward, grasping me by both hands.

"'You alone saved, Mr. Cryder?'

"'Saved from what?'

"'From the railroad wreck.'

"'I don't know of any railroad wreck. Has there been an accident?'

"'Why, the train on which you meant to go to London has been thrown down an embankment and nearly every passenger killed!'"

The ghost-story tellers were speechless, and even the facetious youth did not dare to doubt the reverend narrator's truthfulness.

"Did you ever obtain a clew to that mysterious letter?" Mr. Cryder was asked.

"Never. I regard it as an interference of my departed mother by special permission of Providence."

"And now did it end?"

"I preached in London the next Sunday, and I was installed as rector of St.—Church a few weeks afterward."

A Story of Bishop Simpson.

An incident showing his gifts is related by his uncle. Late one Saturday night he arrived at a town in the mountainous regions of Pennsylvania, where he was a total stranger. The next morning he made his way to the Methodist church, and accosted the pastor, telling him he was a brother in the ministry. Simpson being extremely awkward and plain in appearance, the pastor was half inclined to omit the courtesy due to a brother preacher, of asking him to deliver a sermon. If he inquired of the bishop as to his name he must have failed to catch it, for he certainly had no idea to whom he was speaking. His request for the stranger to preach was therefore expressed in the most formal and constrained manner. The stranger readily agreed to fill the pulpit, and the pastor's chagrin was evident, as he resigned himself to his fate. The bishop preached one of his powerful sermons, and everybody in the audience whispered to his neighbor, "Who is he?"

Before he had taken his seat the pastor had him by the hand, "What did you say your name was?"

"Simpson."

"What! Not the Bishop?"

"That is what they call me."

The minister instantly sprang to his feet and shouted, "You have just had the privilege of listening to Bishop Simpson. Let us sing, 'Praise God from whom all blessings flow.'"

"You advertised for an expert accountant sir?"

"Yes, I did; have you had much experience?"

"About thirty years sir; in long and tangled interest and partnership accounts, confused government books, chancery, and bankrupt accounts, companies' accounts, and——"

"Well here; what I want you to do is this: here is my wife's shopping list for one day. There are about twenty-five items; see what she bought, how much she paid for it, and what the total amount is."

But the accountant hesitated, shook his head, and said that his only brother died in an insane asylum for undertaking just such a matter, and he believed he wouldn't touch it.—*Burdette.*

BROOKLYN MASHER SAT UPON.

He Strikes a Snag in Trying to Flirt With One of His Fellow-Passengers.

A handsome young lady, very handsomely dressed, was hurrying along Lafayette ave., Brooklyn, recently, after dusk on Thanksgiving Day, on her way to her home in Washington ave., from a visit to a sick friend. She had known the gentleman intimately for years, but had not seen her for a [illegible]

As she passed Keyspie ave. [illegible] of about 28 years [illegible] light of [illegible]

Thinking he had [illegible] the lady said yes, she was [illegible] to get home as she [illegible] alone after dark. [illegible] began to dilate largely upon the [illegible] of the night and how delightful it would be to take a stroll with so charming a companion and served up an elaborate dish of the conventional chaff that a taking young masher is likely to indulge in when he thinks he has made an impression upon some fair unknown.

After listening to this prattle for a few minutes in silence it suddenly dawned upon his companion that he had failed to recognize her when he accosted her and she let him go on for a while longer "weaving the web," as Heinrich Heine and the late John Mest would put it. Finally they reached the corner of Washington ave. and the lady said that she would prefer that he would escort her no further.

"Really, must you go now?" he pleaded in a most pathetic tone of voice.

"Well, I'm in no such tremendous haste as all that. In fact I had intended to ask you a question before leaving you," she replied.

"What is it? Pray tell me!" eagerly responded the masher.

"Ah, it's a very simple one. How's Annie, Mr. S.?"

"Annie? Who do you mean?" stammered Mr. Masher, as if he had been struck on the head with a club.

"Mean? Why, your wife, of course, who else?"

"Well, since you know me, I will tell you she is at home, sick, and so is the baby. But really you have the advantage of me," he answered, bracing up a little.

"Well, I suppose you recollected me or I most assuredly would not have permitted you to speak to me. As to who I am is a matter of no importance. Your wife and I went to school together. I received an invitation to her wedding, and heard to-day of her illness, and have just been to visit her. If you are very anxious to learn who I am, just go home and she can afford you the information. Your proper place is there anyhow, instead of running around the streets making a fashion plate of yourself."

"Well, for Heaven's sake, don't tell her about our meeting, please, or she'll make it mighty hot for me."

"Set your miserable mind at rest on that point. You're too utterly contemptible and insignificant to be worthy a moments thought or the subject of a passing remark to me."

With this parting shot she left Mr. Masher standing on the corner in a condition of collapse and hurried to her home.

Washington's Influence.

In 1789 the number of post-offices in the United States was seventy-five. The ordinary "mail facilities," were such as travellers afforded.

In Virginia, courtesy ordained that every horseman, going on a journey, should have in his saddle-bags or portmanteau, a wallet in which to carry letters.

When the horseman put up for the night, his wallet was carefully opened, and the letters belonging to that neighborhood were taken out and forwarded by the inhabitants of the hamlet. If a letter was endorsed "on the public service," any man—such was then the sentiment of public duty—would readily volunteer to ride and deliver it.

The postmaster of Staunton, Va., for forty-three years, from 1789 until 1841, was a man named Trompe, a leather-breeches maker, who had been a lieutenant in the Continental Army. He was appointed by Washington, a fact which, in the opinion of the community, gave him a life-tenure of the office.

"He was generally surly and uncommodating," says the author of "Recollections of Augusta County," "but [illegible] dren who went on errands for [illegible] office thought on. Nobody ever [illegible] of complaining of him to the [illegible] He had been appointed by the [illegible] stration of Washington, and [illegible] of sanctity to his right of [illegible] the post office was [illegible] his private property, to do as he pleased with it."

The anecdote well illustrates Washington's influence. For forty years the people of Staunton endured this uncommodating postmaster, because he had been appointed by the "Father of his Country."

In a restaurant window on State street the sign, "Snowbirds on Toast," was seen recently. The proprietor, asked if there was any truth in a statement that such game. He said there was not a [illegible] there always is at this season of the year. The birds are plump as can be, fresh and wholesome, but a sportsman would eat a hundred of them at a meal without having his appetite appeased.

The birds feed on the grain that falls from cars and vehicles. The hunters are in the immediate vicinity, and either kill the birds with guns or trap them. They go in flocks of hundreds, and a shot fired into their ranks brings down at least a dozen. The hunter has a bag at his side and into it are tumbled the victims. The supply is enormous, and as long as the demand is kept up, so long will the South Side hunters continue to make a good living. There are not half a dozen in the field at present, but when the snow comes down for keeps the ranks will be considerably augmented. That a man can make a good day's wages at the business is evident.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, APRIL 21, 1888.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. C. DAKE, 65 Merchants' Exchange.
L. P. FISHER, 21 Merchants' Exchange.
G. H. KELLOGG, 330 Pine street.

NEW VOLUME.—This day the CHRONICLE-UNION enters upon its Twenty-seventh volume, and never under more favorable circumstances.

CONKLING DEAD.

Ex-Senator Roscoe Conkling after a short illness, brought on by catching a severe cold during the great blizzard in New York, died in New York at 10 minutes to 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning. The distinguished deceased was born in Albany, N. Y., in 1828 and after receiving a good education adopted the profession of the law, and in 1849 was appointed District Attorney of Oneida county. In '58 he was elected Mayor of Utica, where he had made his home. The same year he was elected to Congress, and re-elected to 37th, 38th, 39th and 40th Congresses. In '67 he was elected U. S. Senator for the term ending in '73, and was subsequently re-elected for the terms ending in '79 and '85, but in 1881 he resigned because he could not control President Garfield in his New York appointments. His course on that occasion is well known to the country, and his subsequent actions in allowing his principles as a Republican to be laid aside through his vanity and temper, by which the State of New York was lost to Blaine and the Government thrown into the hands of his life-long enemies, the Democracy, impelled him to retire from political life. It was the great mistake of his life, and no one knew it better than himself.

HIS "DELIBERATE JUDGMENT."

In these piping times of "Tariff Reform" and "How to Reduce the Surplus," it will be well for those favoring a reduction of the Tariff to read what Europe's great statesman, Bismarck, had to say to the Reichstag 6 years ago in regard to the prosperity of the United States. Bismarck's "deliberate judgment" will be the judgment of the American voters in November next. Bismarck said:

"The success of the United States in material development is the most illustrious of modern times. The American nation has not only successfully borne and suppressed the most gigantic and expensive war of all history, but immediately afterwards disbanded its army, found employment for all its soldiers and marines, paid off most of its debt, given labor and homes to all the unemployed of Europe as fast as they could arrive within its territory, and still by a system of taxation so indirect as not to be perceived, much less felt. * * Because it is my deliberate judgment that the prosperity of America is mainly due to its system of protective laws, I urge that Germany has now reached that poin' where it is necessary to imitate the tariff system of the United States."

This was the opinion of the German chancellor expressed six years ago, and, as he says, his "deliberate judgment." It is the deliberate judgment of every man who has capacity to examine into and draw just deductions from plain facts.

The brewers of New York have "locked out" 5,000 of their employees. The brewers propose to conduct their business to suit themselves; not allow their men to dictate to them; that when they left their "Unions," etc., they would give them employment, otherwise they would keep their places closed permanently.

C. W. Cobb, clerk of the Brooklyn, Hotel, San Francisco, who mysteriously disappeared on the 9th of March, has returned home, having been unintentionally taken to sea while seeing friends off on the Australian steamer. At Honolulu he left the steamer and returned on the first sailing vessel.

Hattie Woolstein, tried at Los Angeles for the murder of Dr. Harlan, has been promptly acquitted. The jury were ready to render a verdict before they left their seats, but went out, took one ballot, wrote out the verdict, and returned within ten minutes. The verdict meets with public approval.

The Republican Central Committee of Sacramento requested their delegates to the State Convention to vote for delegates who will vote for Governor Stanford for President in the National Convention.

The British flag has been hoisted on several islands in the Pacific, but Secretary Bayard dare not say his soul's his own. It is time there was change of rulers in Washington.

John Loch, a railroad employee, shot himself to death in Sacramento on Monday morning. He was disconsolate from sickness.

Mrs. James Brown Potter made her first appearance before a critical San Francisco audience on Monday evening, and was voted a failure.

The finishing work is being done at the Lick Observatory, and in about a week it will be formally presented to the Regents of the State University.

Secretary Bayard is about to marry Mrs. Folsom, the President's mother-in-law. So Bayard will be Cleveland's step-dad.

Joseph Melins, aged 17, died at Bridgeport, Conn., from excessive cigarette smoking.

The Grand Parlor of the Native Sons of the Golden West held its annual meeting at Fresno this week.

WILL NOT PASS.

We are unable to see where the statesmanship crops out in the proposition of President Cleveland to reduce the "surplus," by reducing the Tariff. If a reduction of the present Tariff will not make a greater "surplus" in the U. S. Treasury vaults, it surely will not reduce it. The biggest numbskull in the country knows that if the tariff on wool, and other commodities—raw material or manufactured goods—should be reduced, the imports would be more than doubled, and, of course, the amount of duties that would be paid in at our numerous Custom Houses would be simply enormous. The truth of the matter is, the reduction of our present Tariff would very quickly and effectually reduce the "surplus" that thousands of the mechanics and workingmen can boast of possessing, by flooding the country with goods manufactured by the pauper labor of Europe and Asia. The reduction of the working force in our mills and manufactories would soon follow and in time the works closed down and thousands of mechanics, artisans and laboring men thrown out of employment, that a Democratic Administration may bow down to the importers and foreign merchants of New York. While professing a great "admiration and love" for the workingmen, the Democratic Party has always trackled to the money kings and merchants of New York who are engaged in the foreign trade.

The country has been prosperous under the present Republican Tariff, and that it has continued so, under Cleveland's Administration, is due to the fact that a Republican United States Senate has prevented legislation that would soon cripple the industries of the country and make the manufacturers of Europe "happy and content."

If the Democratic powers at Washington truly desire a reduction of the "surplus" and prevent a further accumulation of filthy lucre in the Federal vaults, it can accomplish it by further increasing the Tariff, and appropriating money to build public buildings that are so much needed throughout the country; by erecting coast defenses and building up a Navy; by not being so niggardly in the matter of pensions to those who saved us the Union; by giving the people better and greater mail facilities—and not reducing them, as the present Administration has done. President Cleveland and his Cabinet can find thousands of ways through which the "surplus" may be reduced and kept down, and at the same time benefit the country, without resorting to a reduction of the Tariff. But the Tariff will not be reduced as Mills Tariff bill proposes, as a Republican Senate will kill it; but the Democratic House dare not pass such a bill in the face of a Presidential election.

IS IT COMING HERE?

The Chicago Times of the 16th says:

It is announced upon very good authority that the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Company is behind the Leavenworth and Denver short line which is just now exciting a great deal of interest among the business men of Denver and points along the proposed line. It is known that the St. Paul has purchased 1,950 acres of water front at Oakland, California, and that it has quietly secured the right of way for a distance of 180 miles from Oakland through Stockton and Lathrop.

The direction of the route selected is eastward from the Pacific Coast to Salt Lake City, and as the expressed intention of the people having in charge the Leavenworth and Denver short line is to construct a line from the former point to Denver, and then westward through the mountains, it is very easy to believe that the St. Paul is interested in the new enterprise. It has been an open secret among railroad men for several years that the Chicago, St. Paul and Milwaukee is to reach the coast."

The above road is undoubtedly the one that was surveyed through this section last Summer by a corps of Surveyors under Engineer Moore, from Denver. They were between Bridgeport and Sonora all last Summer, and a tunnel location was made near Baker's Station on the Sonora road. This route is the nearest, by several hundred miles, from Salt Lake to San Francisco, and will pass through a country rich in agriculture and minerals, and will open up a section that will furnish the new road a large local traffic.

WHY?—Why should the Democracy expect or hope that California, Nevada and Oregon should cast their electoral votes for Cleveland next November? Is it because Cleveland gave Nevada's silver mining industries a black eye, even before he was inaugurated? Is it because he wants to take the tariff off of wool, one of the great industries of California and Oregon?

The body of ex-Speaker John Yule has been found on Mathenas Creek, near the Church mine, El Dorado county, from which he had been missed since March 27. The body had been stripped, and death resulted from a gunshot wound. He left a wife and three children.

On the 19th of May Redding will be the County Seat of Shasta county.

Rev. E. M. Steurt, a Methodist Minister, died at St. Helena on Sunday last.

The Devil Fish Described by Hugo

Is not a more tenacious monster than malaria, whether it takes the form of chills and fever, bilious remittent, ague cake or dumb ague. Like the octopus of the story it clasps the victim in its tentacles, and folds him closer and closer in his horrible embrace. Attacked with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, however, it gradually relaxes its tremendous grip, finally abandons it, and the quondam sufferer, liberated at last, rejoices in the sense of new born freedom, engendered by the restoration of complete health. Dyspepsia, too, and constipation, those old and remorseless enemies of the human family, give ground, and are finally driven from the field by this Napoleon of remedies, the greatest, the purest in the family pharmacopeia. Rheumatism succumbs to it, so do kidney troubles. The nerves, when overstrained, regain quietude and vigor by its aid, and the ability to rest tranquilly and eat with zest are increased by it. Resort to it in time and avoid unnecessary suffering.

"NASAL VOICES, CATARRH AND FALSE TEETH."

A prominent English woman says the American women all have high, shrill, nasal voices and false teeth.

Americans don't like the constant twitting they get about this nasal twang, and yet it is a fact caused by our dry, stimulating atmosphere, and the universal presence of catarrhal difficulties.

But why should so many of our women have false teeth?

That is more of a poser to the English. It is quite impossible to accoont for it except on the theory of deranged stomach action caused by imprudence in eating and by want of regular exercise.

Both conditions are unnatural.

Catarrhal troubles everywhere prevail and end in cough and consumption, which are promoted by mal-nutrition induced by deranged stomach action. The condition is a modern one, one unknown to our ancestors who prevented the catarrh, cold, cough and consumption by abundant and regular use of what is now known as Warner's Log Cabin Cough and Consumption Remedy and Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, two old-fashioned standard remedies handed down from our ancestors, and now exclusively put forth under the strongest guarantees of purity and efficacy by the world-famed makers of Warner's safe cure. These two remedies plentifully used as the spring and summer [illegible] advance give a positive assurance of freedom, both from catarrh and those dreadful and if neglected, inevitable consequences, pneumonia, lung troubles and consumption, which so generally and fatally prevail among our people.

Comrade Eli Fisher, of Salem, Henry Co., Iowa, served four years in the late war and contracted a disease called consumption by the doctors. He had frequent hemorrhages. After using Warner's Log Cabin Cough and Consumption remedy, he says, under date of Jan. 19th, 1888: "I do not bleed at the lungs any more, my cough does not bother me and I do not have any more smothering spells." Warner's Log Cabin Rose Cream cured his wife of Catarrh and she is "sound and well."

Of course we do not like to have our women called nose-talkers and false-teeth owners, but these conditions can be readily overcome in the manner indicated.

The St. Paul Pioneer Press learns from Billings, Montana, of the capture of two notorious criminals, having in their possession 58 head of horses bearing 13 well-known Nevada brands. One of the men has been recognized in Teton as a noted horse thief and murderer, for whose capture there are rewards offered in Utah and Nevada.

Fred Tarke, a Sutter county farmer, was kicked in the abdomen by a horse on Saturday and died on Sunday.

John Baring, of Baring Brothers, London bankers, is dead.

Disastrous floods have prevailed in Wisconsin and other Western States

The warship Yorktown has been completed at Philadelphia.

Nobel, the inventor of dynamite, is dead.

CONSUMPTION SURELY CURED.

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform you readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post-office address. Respectfully,

T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl st., New York.

NEW TO-DAY.

CAUTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, CAUTIONING the public against negotiating a certain promissory note for $4,000, given by Henry Williams, in favor of John Sheean, dated Sweetwater, Nevada, January 5th, 1884, with ten per cent. per annum interest, payable in Nevada or California, the said note having been paid on the 11th day of May, 1887.

Dated Sweetwater, April 10th, 1888.

HENRY WILLIAMS.

[ap14 4w]

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

IN REPLY TO THE ABOVE "CAUTION NOTICE," I have to say that I hold a note of Henry Williams, of Sweetwater, for $4,000, which is outlawed—not one dollar having been paid towards its liquidation. I, also, hold a note of Henry Williams, of Sweetwater, for $4,000, upon which he paid $2,245 on the 11th day of May, 1887; and $550 on the 6th day of January, 1888, and a new note given for $2,500 which was paid on the 13th day of April, 1888. Thus it appears that the note he claims to have paid on the 11th day of May, 1887, was not paid in full until the 13th day of April, 1888, and the other note of $4,000, dated on the same day as that paid, is yet in my hands—an outlawed note of $4,000 signed by Henry Williams, of Sweetwater.

Dated Clinton, April 16, 1888.

ap21 4w JOHN H. SHEEHAN.

Antelope Valley Pasturage

CAN BE HAD FOR THE SEASON AT the Ranch of the undersigned.

Stock can be left at Turner's Livery Stable, Bridgeport.

ap21-6m HENRY PITTS

Notice to Delinquent Tax Payers.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE TO THE DELINQUENT TAXPAYERS of the COUNTY OF MONO, State of California, that unless IMMEDIATE PAYMENT IS MADE to me, at my office in the town of Bridgeport, Mono County, California, of the Delinquent UNPAID STATE AND COUNTY TAXES for the year 1887, I shall in pursuance of Law and an Order of the Board of Supervisors of Mono County, made on the 5th day of April, 1888, proceed to COLLECT SAID TAXES BY SUIT, together with five (5) per cent. penalty added for the nonpayment thereof, and interest a the rate of two (2) per cent. per month from the 26th day of December, 1887, and the costs of advertising the same.

Dated at Bridgeport, Mono County, State of California, April 13th, 1888.

W. H. VIRDEN,
District Attorney Mono County, California.

[ap14 tf]

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH
HOW ACCOMPLISHED. Every lady should know. Send stamp. BAKER REM. CO. Box 191 Buffalo, N.Y.

PERSIAN BLOOM, Best Complexion Beautifier, Skin Cure and Blemish Eradicator known. Send stamp for trial package. Address as above.

NEWSPAPERS IN 1888.—From the edition of Geo. P. Rowell & Co's "American Newspaper Directory," published April 2d (its twentieth year), it appears that the Newspapers and Periodicals of all kinds issued in the United States and Canada, now number 16,310, showing a gain of 890 during the last 12 months and of 7,136 in 10 years.

The publishers of the Directory assert that the impression that when the proprietor of a newspaper undertakes to state what has been his exact circulation, he does not generally tell the truth is an erroneous one: and they conspicuously offer a reward of $100 for every instance in their book for this year, where it can be shown that the detailed report received from a publisher was untrue.

The passengers on the Zealandia, from Sydney, N. S. W., passed the time playing base ball and publishing a newspaper.

Matthew Arnold, the author, died suddenly in Liverpool on Monday.

REPORT OF COUNTY TREASURER.

Z. B. Tinkum, Treasurer in account with O. H. Kister, Auditor of Mono County, Cal., for Quarter ending March 31, 1887.

—DR.—

1888.			
Jan. 1	Balance in Treasury,		$20,630 49
	Receipts as follows:		
" 3	From Wat. Morgan, Tax Collector, real estate and improvement tax,	24,204 83	
" "	From Wat. Morgan, Tax Collector, licenses for Dec. 1887,	668 00	
" "	From county officers, fees for Dec., 1887,	189 35	
" "	From W. H. Virden, penalty on sheep licenses,	175 00	
" 5	From J. A. Creaser, account of road poll taxes,	10 20	
" 18	From Wat. Morgan, Collector, real estate and improvement tax 1887,	1,773 92	
" 20	From N. H. Gregory, State School Land final payment,	80 32	
" 28	From E. Gurney, road poll taxes sold,	49 30	
Feb. 1	From J. J. Welch, Assessor, balance due on personal property tax 1887,	1 78	
" 3	From com's allowed on settlement with the State,	618 80	
" 6	From Wm. H. Virden, District Attorney, collections on delinquent taxes 1886,	560 34	
" "	From Wm. H. Virden, District Attorney, penalty received in sheep cases,	75 00	
" 7	From Wat. Morgan, delinquent taxes 1887,	450 23	
" "	From Wat. Morgan, licenses,	615 50	
" 8	From county officers, fees for January, 1888,	111 70	
" 10	From Geo. Troy, redemption of property for taxes,	40 75	
" 11	From State, Mono Co's portion of State School Money,	2,267 65	
" 18	From Frank Shaw, purchase of swamp and overflowed land,	28 12	
Mar. 5	From Wat. Morgan, delinquent taxes 1887,	271 97	
" "	From Wat. Morgan, poll and hospital taxes 1887,	21 00	
" "	From Wat. Morgan, licenses for Februarp, 1888,	201 00	
" "	From W. H. Virden, District Attorney, delinquent taxes for 1886,	20 00	
" "	From county officers, fees for February, 1888,	1,633 25	
" 27	From Wat. Morgan, delinquent taxes 1887,	1,890 18	
" "	From A. Maestretti, road poll tax account,	52 30	36,490 49
			$57,120 98

—CR.—

—DISBURSEMENTS.—

1888
March 31. Warrants redeemed:

General Fund	2,687 50	
Contingent Expense Fund	257 15	
Salary Fund	3,622 86	
Hospital Fund	1,319 65	
County Road	300 00	
School Districts	3,966 70	
Township Roads	171 80	
Paid State on settlement taxes real estate, personal property and poll taxes	5 751 42	
Paid State for School Lands	58 17	
Bonded Debt Principal 4,000 00		
Bonded Debt semi-annual interest	737 50	
	4,737 50	
Suspense Fund	37 75	
	23,010 51	
Balance in Treasury,	34,110 47	
		57,120 98

1888.
Mar. 31. Balance in Treasury $34,110 47

For credit following funds:

County School, unapportion	727 55
Swamp and Overflowed Land	7,779 37
State	887 68
State School Land	80 32
Hospital, overdrawn	
Alpine Warrant	550 65
Contingent Expense	956 61
Road Bond Interest	72
Bonded Debt	708 33
County Road	507 82
General	7,650 84
Salary	9,960 77
Estate of Deceased persons	1,535 25
Treasurer's Mileage	100 00

TOWNSHIP ROAD FUNDS.

Antelope Township Road	0 00
Bodie "	0 00
Benton "	19 09
Bridgeport "	0 00
Homer "	32 20
Clinton "	8 39

SCHOOL DISTRICT FUNDS.

Bridgeport School	560 39
Bridgeport Library	186 30
North Antelope School	371 28
North Antelope Library	20 38
South Antelope School	516 96
South Antelope Library	29 49
Lundy School	189 49
Lundy Library	29 61
Bodie School	576 54
Bodie Library	116 68
Antelope School	405 63
Antelope Library	28 12
Benton School	284 22
Benton Library	31 23
Clinton School	122 19
Clinton Library	35 99
	34,700 54
Less Hospital Fund overdrawn	590 07 31,110 47

Treasurer's Office, Mono County, Cal. Mar. 31, 1888. Quarterly Report for Term ending Mar 31, 1888.

To The Hon. Board of Supervisors, Mono County:—

The foregoing Report is

Respectfully submitted,
Z. B. TINKUM,
Treasurer.

Endorsed:

Board of Supervisors, Mono County.

Treasurer's Report for Quarter ending Mar 31, 1888.

Balance in Treasury, $34,110 47.

Examined, found correct, and ordered placed on file this 5th day of April, 1888.

A. F. HECTOR, Chairman pro tem of the Board of Supervisors.

Filed, April 3d, 1888.

O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

MISCELLANEOUS.

POSTOFFICE STORE,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

HAS IN STOCK

Choice Family Groceries,

DRY GOODS

FANCY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES and HATS,

Wines and Liquors,

PAINTS, OILS, LAMPS, CHIMNEYS and WICK

Hardware,

Stationery, Confectionary,

Powder and Shot.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles.

Candies and Nuts

Yankee Notions,

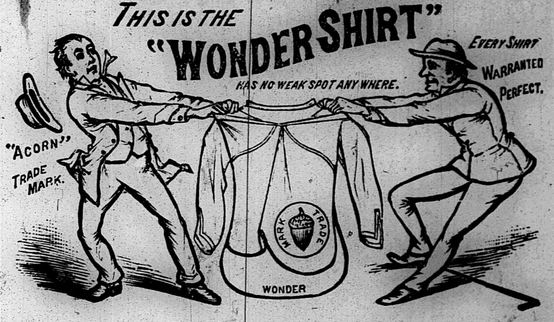
Powder, Shot, Caps and Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.

S. L. MUNSON.

Manufacturer of Accurate Fitting Shirts, Collars, Cuff Shirt Fronts, Ladies' Collars and Lace Neckwear,

ALBANY, N.Y.



The latest shirt issued under the "Acorn" Brand is "THE WONDER," and it is also the best shirt ever made for the Trade.

The following are some of its principal points of excellence, a printed list of which is attached to each shirt:

1st—It has the finest and heaviest muslin ever put in a shirt, (Utica Nonpariel improved).

2—It has a 3-ply linen bosom.

3—It is of extra length.

4—It is reinforced, both back and front, extending and meeting under the arm where most needed.

5—It has the Tomlinson patent endless facing.

6—It is custom make and finish.

7—It cannot break or tear anywhere.

Like the Deacon's "one-hoss shay," it has no weak spot, and will never "give" anywhere, but, at the end of scores of years, it will dissolve into space—not a thread broken or a seam started.

Fathers will bequeath these shirts, purchased in early manhood, a priceless legacy to their children.

We expect a large demand for them to place in the corner stones of [illegible] structures as evidence of the greatest triumph of modern civilization.

We are taking steps to put this crowning achievement of art into the "A[illegible]" agencies in London, Paris, Berlin, St. Petersburg and Constantinople, "but it will not fail of instant and permanent success.

YATES & HUNTER, Agents,
537 Market Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams, half-price.	

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit given.

TYPE METAL

For sale at

This Office.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD

are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams half-price.	

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit given.

TYPE METAL

For Sale at

This Office

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, APRIL 21, 1888.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

Lincoln Goodnow, of Antelope, was in town the first of the week.

R. S. Miner arrived home on Monday from Los Angeles, where he attended a session of the Supreme Court.

John Sheehan, Clinton's merchant, was in town on Monday.

P. G. Hughes, and Frank, returned on Tuesday from Carson, accompanied by his daughter, Miss Ella, and Miss Georgia Johnson, of Bodie, who spent the Winter in San Francisco.

Sam. McCurdy, of Bodie, came down on Sunday and went to Cameron on Wednesday.

Mrs. G. P. Bronson, of Antelope, returned home on Sunday with Frank Owens.

George Kinney and family, and Mrs. Ann Summers and family, leave on Monday next for Mono Mills—their Summer quarters.

Wm. Roush and A. S. Montrose, of Bodie, were here Wednesday.

T. Williams and family, of Mono Lake, were in town on Sunday.

Archie Farrington, Adam Farrington, W. J. Rogers, J. Olrey and —. Morse, of Nevada, were here on Monday, looking for grazing lands.

Wm. P. Kuhlman, of Bodie, is in town.

Wm. Wilson, a former resident of this county, is visiting his brother, James F. Wilson, of Mono Lake.

Assessor Welch went to Antelope to-day.

Henry Trevethan, of Clinton, was in town yesterday.

Deputy Sheriff Henry Pitts, of Antelope Valley, is in town.

Mrs. Ernest A. Brown, of Virginia City, arrived here to-day and will spend the Summer with her mother, Mrs. Hanson.

THE MCGINTY REWARD.—Much has been written and said about Sheriff Morgan in connection with the reward for the arrest of Andy McGinty for the murder of Wm. Barton in Antelope Valley over two years ago. It is well known that the Supervisors of this county offered a reward of $200 for the arrest of the murderer, and that Governor Stoneman, also, offered a reward of $300—$500 in all. Last Fall Sheriff Morgan ascertained that McGinty was in Elko county, Nevada, and in a correspondence with Sheriff Atwill, of Elko, it was agreed that the Elko officers—four in all, who made the arrest, were to share alike in the reward with Sheriff Morgan, each to have $100. McGinty was delivered to Sheriff Morgan, at Carson, by Sheriff Atwill, and Morgan brought him here and lodged him in jail. In due time he was arraigned, plead guilty of manslaughter and was sentenced by Judge Hakes to San Quentin for 7½ years. Sheriff Morgan, as agreed upon, collected the county reward of $200 and sent $100 to Sheriff Atwill, and sent a bill to the State Board of Examiners for the State reward, with directions to forward the $300 to Atwell. The bill was not made out in red-tape style, consequently the reward was not paid promptly, but will be, if it has not before this writing, as the Board of Examiners cannot go behind the Governor's proclamation, under date of September 8th, 1885. On account of this "red-tape" hitch in the payment of the State reward the political enemies of Sheriff Morgan are accusing him of dishonesty in connection with this matter. We fail to see where the "dishonesty" comes in. It is really a private matter between the two Sheriffs, and Sheriff Atwill and his brother officers. The people of Mono and Elko counties are not interested in this matter. When McGinty was sentenced and left the confines of this county, and our reward paid, the people of Mono lost their interest in the matter. In all arrests for rewards, where more than one officer is interested, they make their own arrangements, in which the public have no interest. After a reward is earned and paid it is nobody's business what the officers do with their money. Those who are making this onslaught on Sheriff Morgan would have done the same thing, and some would have kept the entire $200, had they been in his place. If the State had paid its reward promptly, as it should, this great opportunity to attempt to make political capital against Mr. Morgan would not have presented itself.

INSURED.—The Bodie House, burned at Bodie on Saturday morning last, was insured, we understand, for $4,000. The property cost—building and furniture—over $20,000 and was the largest hotel in this section. It is a serious loss to the Johnson estate, as Mrs. Hill, nee Johnson, and Misses Georgia and Flora Johnson, lost their all. Mrs. Hill and daughter Flora having saved nothing, barely escaping in their nightclothes. Miss Georgia Johnson was in San Francisco, but has returned since. She lost many valuable keepsakes, among others a valuable gold watch presented by her father, the late William A. Johnson.

AT WORK.—Sheriff Morgan was at Mono Lake this week on professional business and found every farmer in that section of our county hard at work plowing, and getting their ranches in good trim for the Summer crops. They are making great improvements on their properties.

NOT HURT.—We are glad to be able to contradict the report that Mat. Virden had been seriously injured in escaping from the burning Bodie House. He had a hot time getting out, but was not injured.

DELINQUENT TAXES.—Under "New To-Day" will be found District Attorney Virden's notice to "Delinquent Taxpayers."

The Monte Cristo Consolidated Mine.

We had the pleasure of an inspection of the Monte Cristo Consolidated mine, at Cameron, Patterson District, on Tuesday. At the invitation of Alex. Kilpatrick, the efficient and courteous Foreman, we were permitted to explore the underground workings, winzes and ore stopes. No more eligible and favorable location for a mine for working purposes can be found in any section of the country. There is an abundance of water, and the best of timber, for milling purposes, on every side. The mine has been opened by a tunnel, following the course of the ledge and which has penetrated the mountain side some 300 feet, cutting the ledge, at the furthest point, at a depth of 198 feet. In this tunnel several crosscuts have been made, showing a well defined vein having a dip to the eastward of about 45 degrees, carrying both gold and silver ores. A heavy compact clay wall extends its entire length along the east side of the vein, proving conclusively that the vein fissure is a permanent and lasting crevice. Near the surface the ore vein has been much broken up and, in places, somewhat mixed with the diorite of the west wall and the clay and porphyry of the east wall, and much resembles the croppings of the Gould & Curry mine on the Comstock lode, when worked in early days. This could not well be otherwise, as the clay walls of the fissure must continually catch and retain for a time back of the ledge great reservoirs of surface waters, caused by the melting snows, which, under the pressures created, gradually percolates the rocks and vein, causing slides, faults and displacements, such as are found in almost every mine discovered in a porphyry formation on a steep mountain slope. It is not probable that the broken condition of the vein will be fully passed, and the ledge, perfect and intact, opened upon until a depth of 300 or 400 feet has been reached, while at the same time rich bodies of the ore will certainly be found in the portions of the vein in place, and, also, many times mixed in with the masses of porphyry entirely outside of the ledge proper.

A portion of the ores carry free gold, readily seen in many instances with the naked eye. There are portions of the ore, however, in which the gold is compounded with silver in the proportion of one-half in value. The ores are very free from base metal, and are easily crushed and worked. The gold is saved without trouble by the copper plates, in the Huntington crushing mill, erected by the company, at the entrance to the mine, but so far no effort has been made to save the silver, which does not amalgamate on the plates and is run off with the tailings. This method of working entails a serious loss, and one that ought to be remedied at once. There is a large amount of ore in sight, in the drifts and stopes above the tunnel level, some of which can be taken down en masse and worked profitably, while much of the mixed portions must be carefully assorted and separated from the waste, or it will not pay for working. A winze has been sunk below the tunnel level on the ore vein to a depth of 100 feet, the bottom of which is in good ore and shows a much more solid and perfect formation of the rocks than is shown above.

The Company have located a tunnel site and started a tunnel lower down the mountain side which will cut the ledge at a depth of 700 feet and drain the water and open the mine in good shape. This tunnel is now in over sixty feet, and will be about 1500 feet in length when completed. The Company has had its claims, five in number, surveyed, and made application for a United States Patent. They are getting to work in good shape and evidently know the value of their mine, and mean business.

DID WELL.—The firemen of Bodie deserve great praise for their masterly management of the fire at Bodie on Saturday morning last, in confining it to the Bodie House, and preventing it spreading to Miners' Union Hall and Boone's store and hay yard, all having been in imminent danger. Bodie can truly boast of an efficient fire department and water supply, and there is no excuse for the insurance companies to charge such thieving rates of insurance. We venture the assertion that during the ten years the Bodie House was in existence W. A. Johnson, deceased, who built and run the hotel until his death, and his widow, now Mrs. Hill, paid for insurance premiums nearly as much as the property cost, and now they will get back about $4,000.

POSTED.—On Tuesday R. M. Folger and W. H. Virden went to Cameron, the former to attend to the posting of Applications for United States Patents for the following mines: Monte Cristo, U. S. Grant, P. & C., Livingstone and Bull Pine, the group of the Monte Cristo Consolidated Mining Company; and the latter to take the necessary affidavits. Superintendent Kilpatrick posted the Notices, J. R. Edwards and P. M. Simoni were the witnesses.

Some of the best dressed gentlemen of Mono county are indebted to Silas B. Smith, of Bodie, for their stylish appearance. He has the agency for some of the finest tailoring establishments in the East. His samples for the Fall and Winter are unsurpassed. He displays over 2,000 different patterns of cloth. His experience with the tape line for many years insures a good fit every time. When in Bodie call on him and inspect the goods.

WILL REPEAT.—Supervisor Hector will favor the people of Bodie next Saturday evening with his lecture on "Some of the Resources of Mono county," as delivered in Bridgeport.

DIED.—Al. Trefel, who was seriously burned at the burning of the Bodie House, on Saturday morning last, died from his injuries on Wednesday morning.

AT HOME.—Norm. Huntoon and family, and Sam. Fales and wife, who spent the Winter in Bridgeport, have moved back to their respective homes—Huntoon's Station and Fales' Hot Springs.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. James Leak will hold services at the school house, to-morrow at 11 o'clock. All are invited to attend.

FUN AHEAD.—Thos. Fales will shortly favor the people of Bridgeport with an amusing entertainment.

WE have been having warm weather this week.

A stock robbers cave has been found within a short distance of the Nevada State Prison, in a hundred foot knoll of rock. "Bodie Jake" and a Mexican, and woman were arrested while dining off a sheep.

George E. Weier, a prominent citizen of Stockton, died suddenly in Calaveras Co. on Wednesday.

The Democratic Convention of Washington Territory indorsed Cleveland's free trade message.

The Inyo county Republican delegates to the State Convention are: A. R. Conklin, Geo. H. Hardy and Thos. C. Boland.

A. Runah S. Abell, founder of the Baltimore Sun, died on Thursday.

The Republican State Convention of Georgia elected Sherman delegates.

The Senate Committee has reported adversely to Bayard's fishery treaty.

California canned goods are being constantly better appreciated in the East.

The Ohio Republican State Convention indorsed Sherman for President.

THE CHECK-REIN.

Mr. Fleming, army veterinary inspector, gives the following dozen reasons against the bearing-rein:

It is an unnecessary expense to purchase it.

It adds to the weight of the harness and the time required to clean it.

It wearies the head and neck of the horse by the constrained, unnatural position in which they are fixed.

It spoils the appearance of the horse and largely detracts from his free and graceful movements.

The long-continued pressure on the lower jaw tends to give the animal a hard mouth, and therefore renders it less obedient to the driver's rein.

It does not prevent stumbling, but on the contrary, predisposes the horse to fall, and with much more severity than if it were not used.

In hot weather or during extreme exertion it may directly or indirectly produce an attack of giddiness or apoplexy—the last probably terminating in death.

In heavy draught, in addition to the torture it occasions, it causes a large portion of the horse's power to be lost, from the animal being unable to get his head and neck down, and thus to throw more of the weight of his body into his collar.

The powerful muscles which pull forward the shoulders and indirectly the fore limbs, and which are attached to the head and neck, are by it placed in the least favorite position for exercising their function, so that the horse's actions as well as its speed and strength are impaired from this mechanical disadvantage.

It causes pain and distress in breathing.

It tends to distort the upper part of the windpipe and causes "roaring."

It frets the temper of nervous and excitable horses, and shortens the lives of all.

GROCERIES.—David Hays & Bro. have this week received a large stock of fresh groceries and canned goods of every description.

This is house cleaning time, and A. F. Bryant has just received new styles of wall paper, paints, oils, etc.

Perforated veneer chair bottoms at D. Hays & Bro.

Fresh Groceries just received at Bryant's.

FRESH CRANBERRIES at Bryant's.

New Dress Goods at D. Hays & Bro.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

Z. B. Tinkum, Treasurer, in account with Mono County, State of California.

1888.			
Jan. 1.	Balance on hand,		$20,630 49
	Receipts from January 1st to March 31st, 1888, inclusive.		
Jan. 3	Received from Wat. Morgan Collector, real estate and improvements for 1887,	24,204 83	
" "	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, licenses for Dec., 1887,	668 00	
" "	Received from W. H. Virden, ½ penalty in license suits,	175 00	
" 5	Received from J. A. Creasor, Road Commissioner, road poll taxes,	10 20	
" 9	County officers, fees for 1887,	189 35	
" 18	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, real estate and improvement taxes 1887,	1773 92	
" 20	Received from N. H. Gregory, State school lands,	80 32	
" 28	Received from E. Gurney, Road Overseer, road poll taxes,	49 30	
Feb. 1	Received from J. J. Welch, Assessor, personal property tax 1887,	1 78	
" 3	Received from State, commissions collecting State moneys,	618 80	
" 6	Received from W. H. Virden, District Attorney, delinquent taxes 1886,	560 34	
" "	Received from W. H. Virden, District Attorney, ½ penalty in license suits,	75 00	
" 7	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, delinquent taxes 1887,	450 23	
" "	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, licenses for January, 1888.	615 50	
" 8	Received from county officers, fees for January, 1888,	111 70	
" 10	Received from Geo. Troy redempton of Lisbon property,	40 75	
" 11	Received from State, Mono county's portion of school money,	2267 65	
" 18	Received from Frank Shaw, swamp lands,	28 12	
M'ch 5	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, delinquent taxes 1887,	271 97	
" "	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, delinquent poll and hospital taxes,	21 00	
" "	Received from Wat. Morgan, Collector, licenses for February, 1888,	201 00	
" "	Received from W. H. Virden, District Attorney, delinquent taxes 1886,	20 00	
" "	Received from county officers, fees for February, 1888,	2633 25	
" 27	Received from Wat. Morgan, delinquent taxes 1887,	1890 18	
" "	Received from A. Maestretti, road poll taxes,	32 30	
		— 36,490 49	
		57,120 98	
	Less warrants redeemed for quarter,	23,010 51	
April 1.	Balance in Treasury this day.	$34,110 47	

Amounts received and apportioned.

Bodie Township Road Fund,	$ 0 00
Bridgeport "	49 30
Homer "	32 30
Clinton "	0 00
Antelope "	0 00
Benton "	10 20
Estate of Deceased Persons,	0 00
State School Lands Fund,	80 32
Swamp Land Fund,	28 12
General Fund,	5049 58
Contingent Expense Fund,	48 36
Salary Fund,	13,019 67
County School Fund,	7,025 34
Hospital Fund	9 00
County Road Fund,	405 23
State Fund	5,793 14
Road Bonds Fund,	00
Bond Fund,	4,802 18
Treasurer's Mileage Fund,	100 00
Suspense Fund,	37 75
	$36,490 49

Warrants redeemed.

Bodie Township Road Fund,	55 80
Bridgeport "	71 50
Homer "	0 00
Clinton "	0 00
Antelope "	0 00
Benton "	44 50
Bodie District School Fund,	1662 65
Bodie School District Library Fund,	7 00
Bridgeport District school Fund,	502 00
Benton "	432 05
Antelope "	286 10
Antelope North "	213 00
Antelope South "	195 00
Lundy "	394 90
Clinton "	270 00
State School Lands Fund,	58 17
State Swamp Lands Fund,	0 00
General Fund,	2,687 50
Contingent Expense Fund,	357 16
Salary Fund	3,622 86
County School Fund,	4 00
Hospital Fund,	1.319 65
County Road Fund,	300 00
State Fund,	5,751 42
Bond Fund,	4,737 50
Treasurer's Mileage Fund,	0 00
Suspense Fund,	37 75
	$23,010 51

Balance in Treasury, April 1st, 1888.

Bodie Township Road Fund,	0 00
Bridgeport "	0 00
Homer "	32 30
Clinton "	8 39
Antelope "	0 00
Benton "	19 09
Estate of Deceased Persons,	1,385 25
Bodie District School Fund,	576 34
Bridgeport "	590 89
Benton "	284 22
Antelope "	405 63
Antelope North "	371 38
Antelope South "	516 96
Lundy "	189 49
Clinton "	122 19
Bodie District Library Fund,	116 68
Bridgeport "	186 30
Benton "	31 23
Antelope "	28 12
Antelope North "	30 38
Antelope South "	29 49
Lundy "	29 61
Clinton "	35 99
State School Land Fund,	80 32
State Swamp Land Fund,	7,779 37
General Fund,	7,630 84
Contingent Expense Fund,	956 61
Salary Fund,	9,660 77
County School Fund,	727 55
Hospital Fund,	0 00
County Road Fund,	507 82
State Fund,	887 63
Road Bonds Fund,	72
Bond Fund,	708 33
Treasurer's Mileage Fund,	100 00
Suspense Fund,	0 00
Alpine Warrant Fund,	550 65
	— 34,700 54
Less Hospital Fund overdrawn,	590 07
April 1. Balance in Treasury,	$34,110 47

Estimate of Revenue from April 1 to July 1, 1888, based upon receipts for corresponding period of preceeding year.

FUNDS.

Bodie Township Road	$ 134 00
Estate of Deceased Persons	57 08
General	896 60
Contingent Expense	140 42
Salary	1,042 66
County School	207 83
Hospital	615 60
County Road	33 70
State	824 32
Bond	337 00
Unapportioned fund Receipts from Assessor as collections on Personal Property	495 15
	$4,784 36

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Mono Co., Cal.

To the Honorable Board of Supervisors, Mono County, California.

GENTLEMEN:—

I herewith submit Report in compliance with Sections 4223 of the Political Code, and 36, County Government Act.

Respectfully,
O. H. KISTER,
County Auditor.

Bridgeport, Cal., March 31, 1888.

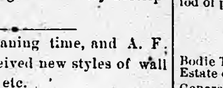
Endorsed: Auditor's Report for Quarter ending March 31, 1888.

Examined and found correct.

A. F. HECTOR,
[LS] Chairman.

Filed Apr. 2, 1888.

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.



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IN

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I WOULD NOT LINGER
Now that the season's best opportunity presents itself.
PRICES HAVE WILTED ALREADY
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Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,
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This is a Rare Opportunity, Don't Hesitate to
GATHER IN THESE BARGAINS!
OR YOU WILL LIVE TO REGRET IT.
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Main Street, Bodie.

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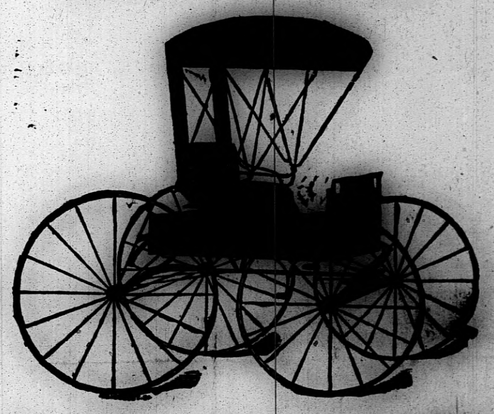

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CHRONICLE-UNION.

APRIL 21, 1888.

JOAQUIN MURIETTA, OULLAW.

A Pioneer's Story of a Famous California Bandit's Career.

The following story is told by an old pioneer of California as the cause that led to Joaquin Murietta becoming a bandit and an outlaw. The famous desperado was well known in San Jose, and this county was the scene of many a daring and bloody exploit.

When thousands of gold seekers were pouring into California from all directions and from all countries, there lived near Sonora, Tuolumne county, a young Mexican named Joaquin Murietta and his wife Carmelita. They occupied a roughly but comfortable made cabin of three rooms, and all who made their acquaintance were struck most pleasantly with their happy countenances and the many evidences of their devotion to each other. Both were possessed of kindly, happy dispositions; they were intelligent, and the husband spoke English with considerable fluency. Murietta was engaged in gardening, and along both sides of a little stream that flowed near the door of his cottage the ground had been carefully cultivated and was covered with numerous vegetables which would soon be ready for market. Vegetables in those days were worth almost their weight in silver, and as the happy gardener worked and planned for the future when he could return with his wife to their native land he could hear the happy housewife singing some sweet Spanish love song which he knew was intended for him.

A Mr. Wilson, an American, who had a claim near by, made his home at their cottage, and all three were warm friends. Murietta was deriving an ample income from his garden, and with the money received from Wilson for board their prospects were very bright. About this time the gold fever increased in intensity. Men became more selfish and less polished. There was a whirl of excitement; fortunes were lost and won at cards; murders were of frequent occurrence, and in all directions men were roaming the hills and gulches, and their eyes seemed to glare insanely as they peered into every purling brook and under every boulder for gold. The happy trio at the cottage were not disturbed for some time, but on a beautiful Sunday morning in April Wilson and Joaquin Murietta and his wife were seated outside of the door, conversing on their prospects and planning on the future. As they were thus pleasantly building castles like happy children five rough men appeared a short distance below the cabin, all loaded with mining implements. They halted and commenced prospecting in the stream. The result seemed to be highly satisfactory, for there was a general yell, and active mining operations were at once commenced. The men, who were from Missouri and had just arrived in the mines, worked almost constantly. They followed the gold streak up the stream, and at length approached the beautiful garden, valuable as a gold mine, with its wealth of vegetables of all varieties. Murietta and his friend Wilson began to be apprehensive of trouble and at length both visited the miners and requested them as a favor not to mine through the garden, but to go on the other side until the valuable crop could be taken off the ground.

They refused to heed the request and answered roughly that they knew the law. Murietta suggested that Wilson go to town and get legal relief. Wilson started and reached town in two hours. It was 4 o'clock in the afternoon when returning he came in sight of the little cottage. He stopped and gazed, but could see no one around the house. He quickened his pace, while forebodings of some terrible trouble filled his heart. He reached the stream—the miners, with all their belongings had departed, and the thought that then filled his half-dazed brain was that his friends had been murdered. His cheek paled and, leaping over the stream, he ran to the house and burst through the door. He stood appalled at the scene that met his eyes. There on the floor, bound hand and foot, lay Murietta. The light of reason seemed to have left his eyes, which stared and rolled like a demon's. Foam was on his lips, and from his throat came incoherent, choking sounds, while his body writhed like a serpent. Bending quickly over the man, Wilson cut the ropes. As they fell Murietta leaped to his feet with a cry of agony, such as Dante alone could describe. He rushed into the bedroom, and there lay his wife apparently dead; her clothing was torn from her person, and her pallid face told of the awful experience through which she had passed. Murietta threw himself beside her on the bed, and clasping her to his breast, cried out: "Mi querida, mi querida," (my darling, my darling). Wilson stood faint with horror at the scene, and could not suppress a chill at his heart as the frantic husband now paced up and down the room, almost shrieking, "I will kill them! I will kill them!" Again and again would he rush into the bedroom with endearing expressions, and then pace like a savage animal up and down the floor of the other room. Wilson realized that it would be no use to endeavor to pacify the man. He had suffered an hour of horror that had burned deeply into his soul. He had witnessed that which had changed his whole nature and blasted his whole life. Wilson at length went to the bedside where lay the almost girlish figure. He detected signs of life, and took such means as were at hand to revive her. He was successful. Her husband took her in his arms as if she were a little baby, and carried her to and fro, covering her face with kisses. Before nightfall Murietta had become more calm outwardly, but Wilson could see by his eyes that a tiger, thirsting for blood, lurked in the man's soul. Carmelita was taken to Sonora, and there placed with a friend, and a physician summoned. She was ill a long time, but recovered.

Murietta disappeared. A week afterward Wilson learned that two men had been killed near Columbia. Within three weeks three more were murdered. The Mexican's revenge was complete. He had avenged the outrage that had blasted his life, and was an outlaw.

—Mrs. Eliza Garfield, the late President's mother, who has recently died at Mentor, O., aged eighty-six, was born in New Hampshire, and moved to Ohio with her husband in 1830. A log cabin was built and a farm partly cleared; but her husband soon died, and Mrs. Garfield was left to struggle with many difficulties. She faced them heroically, refused to send her elder children out to work among the neighboring settlers, toiled with her own hands to keep them together under her own eye, and from her they received the first rudiments of an education.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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N. W. BOYD,.....Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first-class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS.

Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accomodations

HOT SPRINGS' HOTEL,

SAMUEL FALES.....Proprietor.

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS,

(65 miles from Sonora and 30 from Bodie),

MONO COUNTY, CAL,

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offers superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for families, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Good Fishing in Walker River.

Commodious Stabling. my22-tf

BARNETT'S HOTEL,

COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

Antelope Wagon Road, 50 miles from Carson City and 51 from Bodie).

D. M. BARNETT.....Proprietor

The hotel is new, commodious, and pleasantly situated supplied

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house. je5-tf

LEGAL.

IN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE County of Mono, State of California. Regular meeting, April 5th, 1888. Present, Harvey Boone, Samuel Fales, and J. A. Creaser, members; A. F. Hector, Chairman, and O. H. Kister, Clerk.

The Board of Supervisors of Mono county, State of California, do ordain as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 28.

SHEEP.

Every person engaged in the business of raising, grazing, herding, and pasturing sheep in the County of Mono, State of California, must annually procure a license therefor from the Tax Collector and make therefor the following payment.

1ST.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control One Thousand (1000) sheep or more shall constitute the first class and must pay Seventy-five ($75 00) dollars per annum for the first one thousand (1000) sheep, and for every additional two hundred sheep the sum of Fifteen dollars.

2.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control Eight Hundred (800) sheep and less than one thousand (1000) constitute the second class and must pay Sixty ($60 00) dollars per annum.

3.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control Six Hundred (600) sheep and less than eight hundred (800) constitute the third class and must pay Forty-five ($45 00) dollars per annum.

4.

Those owning, having in [redacted] possession and under their control Four Hundred (400) sheep and less than six hundred (600) constitute the fourth class and must pay Thirty dollars ($30 00) per annum.

5.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control Two Hundred (200) sheep and less than four hundred constitute the fifth class and must pay Fifteen ($15 00) dollars per annum.

6.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control less than Two Hundred sheep constitute the sixth class and must pay Seven dollars and fifty ($7 50) cents per annum.

The above Ordinance having been twice read and duly considered by the Board, was put upon its passage, and adopted this 5th day of April, 1888, by the following vote:
AYES—Boone, Fales, Creaser, and Hector.
NOES—None.

A. F. HECTOR,
Chairman.
Attest:
[L. S.] O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

Indorsed: Ordinance No. 28. Filed April 5, 1888.

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

Recorded in Book "B." folio

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

On motion of Boone, seconded by Fales, it is hereby ordered that Ordinance No. 28 be published for fifteen days in the BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, and shall be in force and take effect on and after fifteen days from its passage.
AYES, Boone, Fales and Creaser.
NOES, None. A. F. HECTOR,
Attest: Chairman.
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

IN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE County of Mono, State of California. Regular meeting April 5th, 1888. Present, Harvey Boone, Samuel Fales and J. A. Creaser, members, A. F. Hector, Chairman, and O. H. Kister, Clerk.

The Board of Supervisors of Mono county, State of California, do ordain as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 29.

ANIMALS OF THE GENUS BOS, OR BOVINE SPECIES—CATTLE.

Every person engaged in the business of raising, grazing, herding, or pasturing Cattle of the genus Bos, or Bovine species, in the County of Mono, State of California, must annually procure a license therefor from the Tax Collector, and make therefor the following payment

1ST.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Five Hundred (500) Cattle of the Bovine species, or more, shall constitute the first class and must pay One Hundred and Twenty-five ($125) dollars per annum for the first Five Hundred (500) cattle, and for every additional fifty cattle the sum of Twelve dollars and fifty ($12 50) cents per annum.

2.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control Four Hundred and fifty (450) cattle and less than Five Hundred constitute the second class and must pay One Hundred and twelve dollars and fifty ($112 50) cents per annum.

3.

Those owning, having in their possession and under their control Four Hundred (400) cattle and less than four hundred and fifty (450) constitute the third class and must pay One Hundred ($100) dollars per annum.

4.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Three Hundred and fifty (350) cattle and less than four hundred (400) constitute the fourth class and must pay Eighty-seven dollars ($87 50) cents per annum.

5.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Three Hundred (300) cattle and less than three hundred and fifty constitute the fifth class and must pay Seventy-five ($75) dollars per annum.

6.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Two Hundred and fifty (250) cattle, and less than three hundred (300) constitute the sixth class and must pay Sixty-two dollars and fifty cents ($62 50) per annum.

7.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Two Hundred (200) cattle and less than two hundred and fifty (250) constitute the seventh class and must pay Fifty ($50) dollars per annum.

8.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control One Hundred and fifty (150) cattle and less than two hundred (200) constitute the eighth class and must pay Thirty-seven dollars and fifty ($37 50) cents per annum.

9.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control One Hundred (100) cattle and less than one hundred and fifty (150) constitute the ninth class and must pay Twenty-five dollars ($25 00) per annum.

10.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Fifty (50) cattle and less than one hundred (100) constitute the tenth class and must pay Twelve dollars and fifty ($12 50) cents per annum.

11.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Twenty-five (25) cattle and less than fifty (50) constitute the eleventh class and must pay Six ($6 00) dollars per annum.

12.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control Ten (10) cattle and less than twenty-five constitute the twelfth class and must pay Three dollars ($3 00) per annum.

13.

Those owning, having in their possession or under their control less than Ten cattle constitute the thirteenth class and must pay One dollar per annum.

The above Ordinance having been twice read and duly considered by the Board, was put upon its passage and adopted this 5th day of April, 1888, by the following vote: AYES, Fales, Creaser, Boone and Hector. NOES, None.

A. F. HECTOR,
Chairman.
Attest:
[L.S.] O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

Indorsed: Ordinance No. 29. Filed April 5, 1888.

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

Recorded in Book "B," folio

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

On motion of Boone, seconded by Fales, it is hereby ordered that Ordinance No. 29 be published for fifteen days in the BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, and shall be in force and take effect on and after fifteen days from its passage. AYES, Boone, Fales and Creaser. NOES, None.

A. F. HECTOR,
Chairman.
Attest:
O. H. KISTER, Clerk.
ap7-2w

LEGAL.

IN THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE County of Mono, State of California. Regular meeting, April 5th, 1888. Present, H. Boone, J. A. Creaser and Samuel Fales, members; A. F. Hector, Chairman; and O. H. Kister, Clerk.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Mono, State of California, do ordain as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 27.

Section 11 of Ordinance No. 22, relating to Sheep Licenses; Section 12 of Ordinance No. 22, relating to Licensing Horses, and Section 13 of Ordinance No. 22, relating to the License on Cattle, are hereby repealed.

The above Ordinance having been twice read and duly considered by the Board, was put upon its passage, and was adopted this 5th day of April, 1888, by the following vote:
AYES—Boone, Hector, Creaser, and Fales.
NOES—None.

A. F. HECTOR,
Chairman.
Attest:
[L. S.] O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

Indorsed: Ordinance No. 27. Filed April 5, 1888.

O. H. KISTER
Clerk.

Recorded in Book "B." folio.

O. H. KISTER,
Clerk.

On motion of Boone, seconded by Fales, it is hereby ordered that Ordinance No. 27 be published for fifteen days in the BRIDGEPORT CHRONICLE-UNION, and shall be in force and take effect on and after fifteen days from its passage.
AYES, Boone, Fales and Creaser. NOES, None.

A. F. HECTOR,
Chairman.
Attest:
O. H. KISTER, Clerk. ap7-tw

DESERT LAND, FINAL PROOF.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, Cal.,
March 14, 1888

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT DANIEL CLARK SIMPSON of Wellington, Lyon county, Nevada, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert land claim No. 194 for the

N E ¼ of N E ¼ of Sec. 14; S E ¼ of S E ¼, Sec. 11; E ½ of S W ¼, S ½ of N E ¼, and W ½ of S E ¼ of Sec. 12, Tp 5, N R 23 E, M D M.,

before Superior Judge of Mono Co., at Bridgeport, on

MONDAY, the 30th day of APRIL, 1888.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:

Elisha Gurney and James Sinnamon of Bridgeport, Mono county; Leonard Hamilton and Frank Stickney, of Wellington, Lyon county, Nev.

JOHN W. P. LAIRD,
Register.
mh14-5w

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

WM. O. PARKER, Plaintiff, vs. ANNIE J. PARKER, Defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County.

C. A. SCHUMAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to Annie J. Parker, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the said County of Mono, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons—if served within this County; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court, dissolving the bonds of Matrimony now existing between the Plaintiff and Defendant, as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file in this action, a copy of which accompanies a copy of this Summons, and to which you are hereby referred.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief therein demanded.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, this 20 day of Feby in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

L. S.

O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

Indorsed: No. 752. Superior Court, County of Mono.

Wm. O. Parker, Plaintiff, v. Annie J. Parker, Defendant.

Summons.

Filed Feby 20, 1888.

O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

C. A. SCHUMAN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
[f25-2m]

Notice for Publication of Time appointed for Proving Will, etc.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, OF THE COUNTY of Mono, State of California.

In the matter of the Estate of GILBERT P. BRONSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Order of said Superior Court, made on the 2d day of April, 1888, notice is hereby given, that Tuesday the 8th day of May, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, at the Court Room of said Court, at Bridgeport, in the County of Mono, has been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said Gilbert P. Bronson, deceased, and for hearing the application of Sarah M. Bronson for the issuance to her of Letters Testamentory, when and where any person interested may appear and contest the same.

Dated April 2, 1888.

ap7-1m O. H. KISTER, Clerk.

MINING NOTICES.

DELINQUENT SALE NOTICE.

VIRGINIA CREEK HYDRAULIC MINING Company.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of works, Bodie, Mono county, California.

Notice—There are delinquent upon the following-described stock, on account of assessment (No. 5) levied on the 28th day of February, 1888, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. Shs.	Am't
R N Graves	65	100	$5 00
A Packard	87	100	5 00
A Packard	88	5000	250 00
A Packard	89	2400	120 00
A Packard	91	300	15 00
A Packard	98	2000	100 00
D E Jones, Trustee	49	500	25 00
D E Jones, Trustee	81	1000	50 00
D E Jones, Trustee	82	500	25 00
D D Jones, Trustee	106	1000	50 00
Benj Barton	120	1000	50 00
J M Quay, Trustee	113	13500	675 00
Henry Graves	135	6100	305 00
R N Graves	136	5500	275 00

And in accordance with law, and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 28th day of February, 1888, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary, will be sold at public auction, at the salesroom of S. P. Middleton, No. 22 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal., on TUESDAY, the 1st day of May, 1888, at the hour of 12 o'clock M. of said day, to pay said delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

J. M. QUAY, Secretary.

OFFICE—No. 406 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California. ap14-td

MEDICAL.

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As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For "over-worked," "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. For morning sickness, or nausea, from whatever cause arising, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use, in small doses, will prove very beneficial.

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppressions, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

As a regulator and promoter of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and valuable in its effects when taken for those disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life."

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

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